

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Synonyms

### Product name Q-BOND ADHESIVE

QB1 • QB2 • QB3 • QB4 • QB7 • QB8 • QBOND ADHESIVE

#### 1.2 Uses and uses advised against Uses ADHESIVE

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	WHITE INTERNATIONAL PTY LTD
Address	52-60 Ashford Avenue, Milperra, NSW, 2214, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	(02) 9783 6000
Fax	(02) 9783 6001
Email	sales@whiteint.com.au
Website	www.whiteint.com.au

### 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

**Emergency** 1300 780 876 or 13 11 26

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

#### **Physical Hazards**

Flammable Liquids: Category 4

#### **Health Hazards**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2 Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Respiratory Irritation)

#### **Environmental Hazards**

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word	WARNING
Pictograms	
Hazard statements	
H227	Combustible liquid.
H315	Causes skin irritatio

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.



H319 H335

Prevention statements P210 P261 P264 P271 P280	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response statements P302 + P352 P304 + P340 P305 + P351 + P338 P312 P321 P362 P370 + P378	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.
Storage statements P403 + P233 + P235 P405 Disposal statements P501	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.
P405 Disposal statements	Store locked up.

### 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

### 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ETHYL 2-CYANOACRYLATE	7085-85-0	230-391-5	99.8%
HYDROQUINONE	123-31-9	204-617-8	0.2%

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of firs	aid measures
Еуе	If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad. Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive. Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days. Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water. If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth. Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.
Ingestion	The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours). For more advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities should be available.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory system. Bonding with skin may cause minor tissue damage.

#### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

# ChemAlert.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, cyanides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store tightly sealed in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Store as a Class C1 Combustible Liquid (AS1940). Store below 24°C.

#### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingreacht		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Hydroquinone	SWA [AUS]		2		

#### **Biological limits**

Ingredient	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
HYDROQUINONE	Methemoglobin in blood	During or end of shift	1.5% of hemoglobin

Reference: ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.



#### PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear polyethylene or polypropylene gloves.
Body	Not required under normal conditions of use.
Respiratory	Not required under normal conditions of use.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

internation on Sable physical a	
Appearance	CLEAR COLOURLESS LIQUID
Odour	SHARP ODOUR
Flammability	CLASS C1 COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point	> 82°C
Boiling point	150°C (Approximately)
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT AVAILABLE
рН	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour density	3 (Air = 1)
Specific gravity	1.05
Solubility (water)	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour pressure	< 0.2 mm Hg @ 24°C
Upper explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Lower explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	2 cps to 32 cps @ 25°C
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

May polymerise if exposed to alkalis, acids, alcohols, water and peroxides.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid exposure to moisture.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), alcohols, amines and water.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, cyanides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects



Acute toxicity

Ingestion may result in tissue damage to the mouth.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient		Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Ingreatent				
ETHYL 2-CYANOACF	RYLATE	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
HYDROQUINONE		70 mg/kg (cat); 302 mg/kg (rat)		
Skin	Contact may result in irritatic damage.	on, redness, pain, rash and	dermatitis. Bonding with sk	kin may cause minor tissue
Еуе	Contact may result in irritation cause eyelids to stick togethe		dness. Glue cures on conta	act with moisture, and may
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.			
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.			
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinoge	en.		
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproduct	tive toxin.		
STOT - single exposure	Over exposure may result in	irritation of the nose and th	roat, coughing, dizziness, d	rowsiness and headache.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as causing org	an damage from repeated	exposure.	
Aspiration	Not classified as causing asp	piration.		

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Cyanoacrylate is highly reactive and polymerizes rapidly on contact with moisture or other weakly basic substances. Therefore, environmental processes such as volatilisation from moist soil and water surfaces, biodegradation, and bioconcentration in aquatic organisms are not relevant for these substances.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not relevant.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not relevant.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not relevant.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal	For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information if disposing of large quantities (if required). Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.
Logislation	Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation

#### Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.3 Transport hazard class	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not a Marine Pollutant

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None allocated.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Poison schedule** Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional information PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

selection of personal protective equipment is made.

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



Abbreviations	ACGIH CAS # CNS EC No. EMS GHS GTEPG IARC LC50	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds Central Nervous System EC No - European Community Number Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) Globally Harmonized System Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide International Agency for Research on Cancer Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration		
	LD50 mg/m³	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose Milligrams per Cubic Metre		
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit		
	рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).		
	ppm	Parts Per Million		
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit		
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)		
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)		
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons		
	SWA TLV	Safe Work Australia Threshold Limit Value		
	TWA	Time Weighted Average		
		Time Weighted Average		
Report status	This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').			
	It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.			
	While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.			
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